1	H.40
2	Representative Turner of Milton moves that the bill be amended by striking
3	out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
4	* * * Renewable Energy Standard * * *
5	Sec. 1. 30 V.S.A. § 8002 is amended to read:
6	§ 8002. DEFINITIONS
7	As used in this chapter:
8	* * *
9	(7) "Existing renewable energy" means renewable energy produced by a
10	plant that came into service prior to or on December 31, 2004 June 30, 2015.
11	* * *
12	(13) "New renewable energy" means renewable energy produced by a
13	specific and identifiable plant coming into service after December 31, 2004
14	June 30, 2015.
15	(A) Energy from within a system of generating plants that includes
16	renewable energy shall not constitute new renewable energy, regardless of
17	whether the system includes specific plants that came or come into service
18	after December 31, 2004 June 30, 2015.
19	(B) "New renewable energy" also may include the additional energy
20	from an existing renewable energy plant retrofitted with advanced technologies
21	or otherwise operated, modified, or expanded to increase the kWh output of the

plant in excess of an historical baseline established by calculating the average
output of that plant for the 10-year period that ended December 31, 2004
June 30, 2015. If the production of new renewable energy through changes in
operations, modification, or expansion involves combustion of the resource,
the system also must result in an incrementally higher level of energy
conversion efficiency or significantly reduced emissions.

* * *

- (17) "Renewable energy" means energy produced using a technology that relies on a resource that is being consumed at a harvest rate at or below its natural regeneration rate.
- (A) For purposes of this subdivision (17), methane gas and other flammable gases produced by the decay of sewage treatment plant wastes or landfill wastes and anaerobic digestion of agricultural products, byproducts, or wastes, or of food wastes, shall be considered renewable energy resources, but no other form of solid waste, other than agricultural or silvicultural waste, shall be considered renewable.
- (B) For purposes of this subdivision (17), no form of nuclear fuel shall be considered renewable.
- (C) The only portion of electricity produced by a system of generating resources that shall be considered renewable is that portion

1	generated by a technology that qualifies as renewable under this
2	subdivision (17).
3	(D) The Board by rule may add technologies or technology
4	categories to the definition of "renewable energy," provided that technologies
5	using the following fuels shall not be considered renewable energy supplies:
6	coal, oil, propane, and natural gas.
7	(E) In this chapter, renewable energy refers to either "existing
8	renewable energy" or "new renewable energy."
9	* * *
10	(19) "Retail electricity provider" or "provider" means a company
11	engaged in the distribution or sale of electricity directly to the public.
12	(20) "SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator" means an entity appointed by
13	the Board pursuant to subdivision 8005(b)(1) subsection 8005a(a) of this title.
14	(21) "SPEED resources" means contracts for resources in the SPEED
15	program established under section 8005 of this title that meet the definition of
16	renewable energy under this section, whether or not environmental attributes
17	are attached. [Repealed.]
18	(22) "Tradeable renewable energy credits" means all of the
19	environmental attributes associated with a single unit of energy generated by a
20	renewable energy source where:

1	(A) those attributes are transferred or recorded separately from that
2	unit of energy;
3	(B) the party claiming ownership of the tradeable renewable energy
4	credits has acquired the exclusive legal ownership of all, and not less than all,
5	the environmental attributes associated with that unit of energy; and
6	(C) exclusive legal ownership can be verified through an auditable
7	contract path or pursuant to the system established or authorized by the Board
8	or any program for tracking and verification of the ownership of environmental
9	attributes of energy legally recognized in any state and approved by the Board.
10	* * *
11	(24) "Customer" means a retail electric consumer.
12	(25) "RES" means the Renewable Energy Standard established under
13	sections 8004 and 8005 of this title.
14	Sec. 2. 30 V.S.A. § 8004 is amended to read:
15	§ 8004. RENEWABLE PORTFOLIO STANDARDS FOR SALES OF
16	ELECTRIC ENERGY; RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD
17	(a) Except as otherwise provided in section 8005 of this title, in order for
18	Vermont retail electricity providers to achieve the goals established in section
19	8001 of this title, no Establishment; requirements. The RES is established.
20	<u>Under this standard, a</u> retail electricity provider shall <u>not</u> sell or otherwise
21	provide or offer to sell or provide electricity in the State of Vermont without

resources.

ownership of sufficient energy produced by renewable resources as described in this chapter, energy plants or sufficient tradeable renewable energy credits from plants whose energy is capable of delivery in New England that reflect the required amounts of renewable energy as provided for in subsection (b) of this section set forth in section 8005 of this title. In the case of members of the Vermont Public Power Supply Authority, the requirements of this chapter may be met in the aggregate.

(b) Each retail electricity provider in Vermont shall provide a certain amount of new renewable resources in its portfolio. Subject to subdivision 8005(d)(1) of this title each retail electricity provider in Vermont shall supply an amount of energy equal to its total incremental energy growth between January 1, 2005 and January 1, 2012 through the use of electricity generated by new renewable resources. The A retail electricity provider may meet this

tradeable renewable energy credits, new eligible renewable energy resources with renewable energy credits environmental attributes still attached, or a combination of those credits and resources. No retail electricity provider shall be required to provide in excess of a total of 10 percent of its calendar year 2005 retail electric sales with electricity generated by new renewable

requirement the required amounts of renewable energy through eligible new

1	(c) The requirements of subsection (b) of this section shall apply to all
2	retail electricity providers in this State, unless the retail electricity provider
3	demonstrates and the Board determines that compliance with the standard
4	would impair the provider's ability to meet the public's need for energy
5	services after safety concerns are addressed, at the lowest present value life
6	cycle cost, including environmental and economic costs.
7	(d)(b) Rules; procedures. The Board shall provide, by order or rule, adopt
8	the regulations and rules or procedures that are necessary to allow the Board
9	and the Department to implement and supervise further the implementation
10	and maintenance of a renewable portfolio standard the RES.
11	(c) RECS; banking. The Board shall allow a provider that has met the
12	required amount of renewable energy in a given year, commencing with 2017.
13	to retain tradeable renewable energy credits created or purchased in excess of
14	that amount for application to the provider's required amount of renewable
15	energy in one of the following three years.
16	(e)(d) Alternative compliance payment. In lieu of, or in addition to
17	purchasing renewable energy or tradeable renewable energy credits to satisfy
18	the portfolio requirements of this section and section 8005 of this title, a retail
19	electricity provider in this State may pay to the Vermont Clean Energy
20	Development Fund established under section 8015 of this title an amount per
21	kWh as established by the Board an alternative compliance payment at the

1	applicable rate set forth in section 8005. As an alternative, the Board may
2	require any proportion of this amount to be paid to the Energy Conservation
3	Fund established under subsection 209(d) of this title.
4	(e) VPPSA members. In the case of members of the Vermont Public
5	Power Supply Authority, the requirements of this chapter may be met in the
6	aggregate.
7	(f) Joint efforts. Retail electricity providers may engage in joint efforts to
8	meet one or more categories within the RES.
9	(f) Before December 30, 2007 and biennially thereafter through
10	December 30, 2013, the Board shall file a report with the Senate Committees
11	on Finance and on Natural Resources and Energy and the House Committees
12	on Commerce and on Natural Resources and Energy. The report shall include
13	the following:
14	(1) the total cumulative growth in electric energy usage in Vermont
15	from 2005 through the end of the year that precedes the date on which the
16	report is due;
17	(2) a report on the market for tradeable renewable energy credits,
18	including the prices at which credits are being sold;
19	(3) a report on the SPEED program, and any projects using the program;

1	(4) a summary of other contracts held or projects developed by Vermont
2	retail electricity providers that are likely to be eligible under the provisions of
3	subsection 8005(d) of this title;
4	(5) an estimate of potential effects on rates, economic development, and
5	jobs, if the target established in subsection 8005(d) of this section is met, and if
6	it is not met;
7	(6) an assessment of the supply portfolios of Vermont retail electricity
8	providers, and the resources available to meet new supply requirements likely
9	to be triggered by the expiration of major power supply contracts;
10	(7) an assessment of the energy efficiency and renewable energy
11	markets and recommendations to the legislature regarding strategies that may
12	be necessary to encourage the use of these resources to help meet upcoming
13	supply requirements;
14	(8) any recommendations for statutory change related to this section,
15	including recommendations for rewarding utilities that make substantial
16	investments in SPEED resources; and
17	(9) the Board's recommendations on how the State might best continue
18	to meet the goals established in section 8001 of this title, including whether the
19	State should meet its growth in energy usage over the succeeding 10 years by a
20	continuation of the SPEED program.

1	Sec. 3. 30 V.S.A. § 8005 is amended to read:
2	§ 8005. SUSTAINABLY PRICED ENERGY ENTERPRISE
3	DEVELOPMENT (SPEED) PROGRAM; RES
4	<u>CATEGORIES</u>
5	(a) Creation. To achieve the goals of section 8001 of this title, there is
6	created the Sustainably Priced Energy Enterprise Development (SPEED)
7	program.
8	(b) Board; powers and duties. The SPEED program shall be established,
9	by rule, order, or contract, by the Board. As part of the SPEED program, the
10	Board may, and in the case of subdivisions (1), (2), and (5) of this subsection,
11	shall:
12	(1) Name one or more entities to become engaged in the purchase and
13	resale of electricity generated within the State by means of SPEED resources.
14	An entity appointed under this subdivision shall be known as a SPEED
15	Facilitator.
16	(2) Issue standard offers for SPEED resources in accordance with
17	section 8005a of this title.
18	(3) Maximize the benefit to rate payers from the sale of tradeable
19	renewable energy credits or other credits that may be developed in the future,
20	especially with regard to those plants that accept the standard offer issued
21	under subdivision (2) of this subsection.

1	(4) Encourage retail electricity provider and third party developer
2	sponsorship and partnerships in the development of renewable energy projects.
3	(5) In accordance with section 8005a of this section, require all Vermont
4	retail electricity providers to purchase from the SPEED Facilitator the power
5	generated by the plants that accept the standard offer required to be issued
6	under section 8005a. For the purpose of this subdivision (5), the Board and the
7	SPEED Facilitator constitute instrumentalities of the State.
8	(6) Establish a method for Vermont retail electrical providers to obtain
9	beneficial ownership of the renewable energy credits associated with any
10	SPEED projects, in the event that a renewable portfolio standard comes into
11	effect under the provisions of section 8004 of this title. It shall be a condition
12	of a standard offer required to be issued under subdivision (2) of this
13	subsection that tradeable renewable energy credits associated with a plant that
14	accepts the standard offer are owned by the retail electric providers purchasing
15	power from the plant, except that in the case of a plant using methane from
16	agricultural operations, the plant owner shall retain such credits to be sold
17	separately at the owner's discretion.
18	(7) [Repealed.]
19	(8) Provide that in any proceeding under subdivision 248(a)(2)(A) of
20	this title for the construction of a renewable energy plant, a demonstration of
21	compliance with subdivision 248(b)(2) of this title, relating to establishing

1	need for the plant, shall not be required if the plant is a SPEED resource and if
2	no part of the plant is financed directly or indirectly through investments, other
3	than power contracts, backed by Vermont electricity ratepayers.

- (9) Take such other measures as the Board finds necessary or appropriate to implement SPEED.
- (c) VEDA; eligible facilities. Developers of in state SPEED resources shall be entitled to classification as an eligible facility under 10 V.S.A. chapter 12, relating to the Vermont Economic Development Authority.
- (d) Goals and targets. To advance the goals stated in section 8001 of this title, the following goals and targets are established.
- (1) 2012 SPEED goal. The Board shall meet on or before January 1, 2012 and open a proceeding to determine the total amount of SPEED resources that have been supplied to Vermont retail electricity providers or have been issued a certificate of public good. If the Board finds that the amount of SPEED resources coming into service or having been issued a certificate of public good after January 1, 2005 and before July 1, 2012 equals or exceeds total statewide growth in electric retail sales during that time, and in addition, at least five percent of the 2005 total statewide electric retail sales is provided by SPEED resources or would be provided by SPEED resources that have been issued a certificate of public good, or if it finds that the amount of SPEED resources equals or exceeds 10 percent of total statewide electric retail sales for

1	calendar year 2005, the portfolio standards established under this chapter shall
2	not be in force. The Board shall make its determination by January 1, 2013. If
3	the Board finds that the goal established has not been met, one year after the
4	Board's determination the portfolio standards established under subsection
5	8004(b) of this title shall take effect.
6	(2) 2017 SPEED goal. A State goal is to assure that 20 percent of total
7	statewide electric retail sales during the year commencing January 1, 2017
8	shall be generated by SPEED resources that constitute new renewable energy.
9	On or before January 31, 2018, the Board shall meet and open a proceeding to
10	determine, for the calendar year 2017, the total amount of SPEED resources
11	that were supplied to Vermont retail electricity providers and the total amount
12	of statewide retail electric sales.
13	(3) Determinations. For the purposes of the determinations to be made
14	under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection (d), the total amount of
15	SPEED resources shall be the amount of electricity produced at SPEED
16	resources owned by or under long term contract to Vermont retail electricity
17	providers that is new renewable energy.
18	(a) Categories. This section specifies two categories of required resources
19	to meet the requirements of the RES established in section 8004 of this title:
20	total renewable energy and distributed renewable generation.
21	(4)(1) Total renewables targets renewable energy. This

(A) Purpose; establishment. To encourage the economic and
environmental benefits of renewable energy, this subdivision establishes, as
percentages of annual electric sales, target for the RES, minimum total
amounts of total renewable energy within the supply portfolio of each retail
electricity provider. To satisfy this requirement, a provider may use
renewable energy with environmental attributes attached or any class of
tradeable renewable energy credits generated by any renewable energy plant
whose energy is capable of delivery in New England.
(A)(B) Required amounts. The target amounts of total renewable
energy established required by this subsection shall be 55 percent of each retain
electricity provider's annual <u>retail</u> electric sales during the year beginning <u>on</u>
January 1, 2017, increasing by an additional four percent each third January 1
thereafter, until reaching 75 percent on and after January 1, 2032.
(B) Each retail electricity provider shall manage its supply portfolio
to be reasonably consistent with the target amounts established by this
subdivision (4). The Board shall consider such consistency during the course
of reviewing a retail electricity provider's charges and rates under this title,
integrated resource plans under section 218c of this title, and petitions under
section 248 (new gas and electric purchases, investments, and facilities) of this
title.

1	(C) Relationship between categories. Distributed renewable
2	generation used to meet the requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection
3	shall also count toward the requirements of this subdivision.
4	(2) Distributed renewable generation.
5	(A) Purpose; establishment. This subsection establishes a distributed
6	renewable generation category for the RES. This category encourages the use
7	of distributed generation to support the reliability of the State's electric system
8	reduce line losses; contribute to avoiding or deferring improvements to that
9	system necessitated by transmission or distribution constraints; and diversify
10	the size and type of resources connected to that system. This category requires
11	the use of renewable energy for these purposes to reduce environmental and
12	health impacts from air emissions that would result from using other forms of
13	generation.
14	(B) Definition. As used in this section, "distributed renewable
15	generation" means one of the following:
16	(i) a renewable energy plant that is new renewable energy; has a
17	plant capacity of five MW or less; and
18	(I) is directly connected to the subtransmission or distribution
19	system of a Vermont retail electricity provider; or
20	(II) is directly connected to the transmission system of an
21	electric company required to submit a Transmission System Plan under

2	Board to avoid or defer a transmission system improvement needed to address
3	a transmission system reliability deficiency identified and analyzed in that
4	<u>Plan; or</u>
5	(ii) a net metering system approved under the former section 219a
6	or under section 8010 of this title if the system is new renewable energy and
7	the interconnecting retail electricity provider owns and retires the system's
8	environmental attributes.
9	(C) Required amounts. The required amounts of distributed
10	renewable generation shall be one percent of each retail electricity provider's
11	annual retail electric sales during the year beginning January 1, 2017,
12	increasing by an additional three-fifths of a percent each subsequent January 1
13	until reaching 10 percent on and after January 1, 2032.
14	(D) Distributed generation greater than five MW. On petition of a
15	retail electricity provider, the Board may for a given year allow the provider to
16	employ energy with environmental attributes attached or tradeable renewable
17	energy credits from a renewable energy plant with a plant capacity greater than
18	five MW to satisfy the distributed renewable generation requirement if the
19	plant would qualify as distributed renewable generation but for its plant
20	capacity and the provider demonstrates that it is unable during that year to
21	meet the requirement solely with qualifying renewable energy plants of five

subsection 218c(d) of this title, if the plant is part of a plan approved by the

1	MW or less. To demonstrate this inability, the provider shall issue one or more
2	requests for proposals, and show that it is unable to obtain sufficient ownership
3	of environmental attributes to meet its required amount under this subdivision
4	(2) from:
5	(i) the construction and interconnection to its system of distributed
6	renewable generation that is consistent with its approved least-cost integrated
7	resource plan under section 218c of this title at a cost less than or equal to the
8	sum of the applicable alternative compliance payment rate and the applicable
9	rates published by the Department under the Board's rules implementing
10	subdivision 209(a)(8) of this title; and
11	(ii) purchase of tradeable renewable energy credits for distributed
12	renewable generation at a cost that is less than the applicable alternative
13	compliance rate.
14	(3) Alternative compliance rates.
15	(A) The alternative compliance payment rates for the categories
16	established by this subsection (a) shall be:
17	(i) total renewable energy requirement – \$0.01 per kWh; and
18	(ii) distributed renewable generation requirement – \$0.06 per
19	<u>kWh.</u>
20	(B) The Board shall adjust these rates for inflation annually
21	commencing January 1, 2018, using the CPI.

1	(b) Reduced amounts; providers; 100 percent renewable.
2	(1) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to a retail electricity
3	provider that:
4	(A) as of January 1, 2015, was entitled, through contract, ownership
5	of energy produced by its own generation plants, or both, to an amount of
6	renewable energy equal to or more than 100 percent of its anticipated total
7	retail electric sales in 2017, regardless of whether the provider owned the
8	environmental attributes of that renewable energy; and
9	(B) commencing on January 1, 2017, owns and has retired tradeable
10	renewable energy credits monitored and traded on the New England
11	Generation Information System or otherwise approved by the Board equivalent
12	to 100 percent of the provider's total retail sales of electricity, calculated as an
13	average on an annual basis.
14	(2) A provider meeting the requirements of subdivision (1) of this
15	subsection may satisfy the distributed renewable generation requirement of this
16	section by accepting net metering systems within its service territory pursuant
17	to the provisions of this title that govern net metering; and
18	(c) Biomass.
19	(1) Distributed renewable generation that employs biomass to produce
20	electricity shall be eligible to count toward a provider's distributed renewable
21	generation requirement only if the plant produces both electricity and thermal

I	energy from the same biomass fuel and the majority of the energy recovered
2	from the plant is thermal energy.
3	(2) Distributed renewable generation that employs forest biomass to
4	produce energy shall comply with renewability standards adopted by the
5	Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation under 10 V.S.A. § 2751.
6	(d) Hydropower. A hydroelectric renewable energy plant shall be eligible
7	to satisfy the distributed renewable generation requirement only if, in addition
8	to meeting the definition of distributed renewable generation, the plant:
9	(1) is and continues to be certified by the Low-impact Hydropower
10	Institute; or
11	(2) after January 1, 1987, received a water quality certification pursuant
12	to 33 U.S.C. § 1341 from the Agency of Natural Resources.
13	(e) Regulations and procedures. The Board shall provide, by order or rule,
14	the regulations and procedures that are necessary to allow the Board and the
15	Department to implement, and to supervise further the implementation and
16	maintenance of the SPEED program. These rules shall assure that decisions
17	with respect to certificate of public good applications for construction of
18	SPEED resources shall be made in a timely manner.
19	(f) Preapproval. In order to encourage joint efforts on the part of regulated
20	companies to purchase power that meets or exceeds the SPEED standards and
21	to secure stable, long-term contracts beneficial to Vermonters, the Board may

1	establish standards for pre-approving the recovery of costs incurred on a
2	SPEED project that is the subject of that joint effort.
3	(g) State; nonliability. The State and its instrumentalities shall not be liable
4	to a plant owner or retail electricity provider with respect to any matter related
5	to SPEED, including costs associated with a standard offer contract under this
6	section or section 8005a of this title or any damages arising from breach of
7	such a contract, the flow of power between a plant and the electric grid, or the
8	interconnection of a plant to that grid.
9	(h)-(n) [Repealed.]
10	Sec. 4. 30 V.S.A. § 8005a is amended to read:
11	§ 8005a. SPEED; STANDARD OFFER PROGRAM
12	(a) Establishment. A standard offer program is established within the
13	SPEED program. To achieve the goals of section 8001 of this title, the Board
14	shall issue standard offers for renewable energy plants that meet the eligibility
15	requirements of this section. The Board shall implement these standard offers
16	through the SPEED facilitator by rule, order, or contract and shall appoint a
17	Standard Offer Facilitator to assist in this implementation. For the purpose of
18	this section, the Board and the Standard Offer Facilitator constitute
19	instrumentalities of the State.
20	* * *

- (k) Executed standard offer contracts; transferability; allocation of benefits and costs. With respect to executed contracts for standard offers under this section:
 - (1) A contract shall be transferable. The contract transferee shall notify the SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator of the contract transfer within 30 days of transfer.
 - (2) The SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator shall distribute the electricity purchased to the Vermont retail electricity providers at the price paid to the plant owners, allocated to the providers based on their pro rata share of total Vermont retail kWh sales for the previous calendar year, and the Vermont retail electricity providers shall accept and pay the SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator for the electricity. However, during any given calendar year:
 - (A) Calculation of pro rata shares under this subdivision (2) shall include an adjustment in the allocation to a provider if one or more of the provider's customers created greenhouse gas reduction credits under section 8006a of this title that are used to reduce the size of the annual increase under subdivision (c)(1)(C)(adjustment; greenhouse gas reduction credits) of this section. The adjustment shall ensure that any and all benefits or costs from the use of such credits flow to the provider whose customers created the credits. The savings that a provider realizes as a result of this application of greenhouse

- gas reduction credits shall be passed on proportionally to the customers that created the credits.
 - (B) A retail electricity provider shall be exempt and wholly relieved from the requirements of this subdivision and subdivision 8005(b)(5) (requirement to purchase standard offer power) of this title if, during the immediately preceding 12-month period ending October 31, the amount of renewable energy supplied to the provider by generation owned by or under contract to the provider, regardless of whether the provider owned the energy's environmental attributes, was not less than the amount of energy sold by the provider to its retail customers.
 - (3) The SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator shall transfer the environmental attributes, including any tradeable renewable energy credits, of electricity purchased under standard offer contracts to the Vermont retail electricity providers in accordance with their pro rata share of the costs for such electricity as determined under subdivision (2) of this subsection (k), except that in the case of a plant using methane from agricultural operations, the plant owner shall retain such attributes and credits to be sold separately at the owner's discretion. It shall be a condition of a standard offer issued under this section that tradeable renewable energy credits associated with a plant that accepts the standard offer are owned by the retail electricity providers

- purchasing power from the plant, except in the case of a plant using methane from agricultural operations.
 - (4) The SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator shall transfer all capacity rights attributable to the plant capacity associated with the electricity purchased under standard offer contracts to the Vermont retail electricity providers in accordance with their pro rata share of the costs for such electricity as determined under subdivision (2) of this subsection (k).
 - (5) All reasonable costs of a Vermont retail electricity provider incurred under this subsection shall be included in the provider's revenue requirement for purposes of ratemaking under sections 218, 218d, 225, and 227 of this title. In including such costs, the Board shall appropriately account for any credits received under subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection (k). Costs included in a retail electricity provider's revenue requirement under this subdivision (5) shall be allocated to the provider's ratepayers as directed by the board Board.
 - (1) <u>SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator</u>; expenses; payments. With respect to standard offers under this section, the Board shall by rule or order:
 - (1) Determine determine a SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator's reasonable expenses arising from its role and the allocation of the expenses among plant owners and Vermont retail electricity providers.

(2) Determine determine the manner and timing of payments by a
SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator to plant owners for energy purchased under
an executed contract for a standard offer-;
(3) Determine determine the manner and timing of payments to the

- (3) Determine determine the manner and timing of payments to the SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator by the Vermont retail electricity providers for energy distributed to them under executed contracts for standard offers-;
- (4) Establish establish reporting requirements of a SPEED StandardOffer Facilitator, a plant owner, and a Vermont retail electricity provider.

* * *

(n) Wood biomass. Wood In addition to the other requirements of this section, wood biomass resources that would otherwise constitute qualifying SPEED resources may receive a standard offer under this section only if they have a design system efficiency (the sum of full load design thermal output and electric output divided by the heat input) of at least 50 percent.

15 ***

(q) Allocation of regulatory costs. The Board and Department may authorize or retain legal counsel, official stenographers, expert witnesses, advisors, temporary employees, and research services in conjunction with implementing their responsibilities under this section. In lieu of allocating such costs pursuant to subsection 21(a) of this title, the Board or Department

1	may allocate the expense in the same manner as the SPEED Standard Offer
2	Facilitator's costs under subdivision (l)(1) of this section.
3	(r) State; nonliability. The State and its instrumentalities shall not be liable
4	to a plant owner or retail electricity provider with respect to any matter related
5	to the standard offer program, including costs associated with a standard offer
6	contract or any damages arising from the breach of such a contract, the flow of
7	power between a plant and the electric grid, or the interconnection of a plant to
8	that grid.
9	Sec. 5. INTENT; AMENDMENT OF 30 V.S.A. § 8005a
10	The General Assembly's intent in the amendments to 30 V.S.A. § 8005a set
11	forth in Sec. 4 of this act is to clarify the text because of the repeal of the
12	Sustainably Priced Energy Enterprise Development Program in Sec. 3 of this
13	act and to move provisions relating to the standard offer program from
14	30 V.S.A. § 8005 into section 8005a. The General Assembly does not intend
15	any provision of this act to be interpreted as a substantive change to the
16	standard offer program. The Standard Offer Facilitator described in Sec. 4 of
17	this act shall be the successor to the SPEED Facilitator under 30 V.S.A.
18	§§ 8005 and 8005a as they existed prior to this act.

1	Sec. 6. 30 V.S.A. § 8005b is amended to read:
2	§ 8005b. RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAMS; BIENNIAL REPORT
3	REPORTS
4	(a) On or before January 15, 2013 and no later than every second
5	January 15 thereafter through January 15, 2033, the Board The Department
6	shall file a report reports with the General Assembly in accordance with this
7	section. The Board shall prepare the report in consultation with the
8	Department.
9	(1) The House Committee on Commerce and Economic
10	Development, the Senate Committee on Finance, and the House and Senate
11	Committees on Natural Resources and Energy each shall receive a copy of
12	these reports.
13	(2) The Department shall file the report under subsection (b) of this
14	section annually each January 15 commencing in 2018 through 2033.
15	(3) The Department shall file the report under subsection (c) of this
16	section biennially each March 1 commencing in 2017 through 2033.
17	(4) The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required
18	reports) shall not apply to the reports to be made under this section.
19	(b) The annual report under this section shall include at least each of the
20	following:

1	(1) An assessment of the costs and benefits of the RES based on the
2	most current available data, including rate and economic impacts, customer
3	savings, technology deployment, greenhouse gas emission reductions
4	achieved, fuel price stability, and effect on transmission and distribution
5	upgrade costs, and any recommended changes based on this assessment.
6	(2) An assessment of whether the requirements of the RES have been
7	met to date, and any recommended changes needed to achieve those
8	requirements.
9	(c) The biennial report under this section shall include at least each of the
10	following:
11	(1) The retail sales, in kWh, of electricity in Vermont during the two
12	preceding calendar year years. The report shall include the statewide total and
13	the total sold by each retail electricity provider.
14	(2) The amount of SPEED resources Commencing with the report to be
15	filed in 2019, each retail electricity provider's required amount of renewable
16	energy during the two preceding calendar years for each category of the RES
17	as set forth in section 8005 of this title.
18	(3) For the two preceding calendar years, the amounts of renewable
19	energy and tradeable renewable energy credits eligible to satisfy the
20	requirements of sections 8004 and 8005 of this title actually owned by the
21	Vermont retail electricity providers, expressed as a percentage of retail kWh

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sales. The report shall include the statewide total and the total owned by each retail electricity provider for each of these amounts and shall discuss the progress of each provider toward achieving the goals and targets of subsection 8005(d)(SPEED) each of the categories set forth in section 8005 of this title. The report to be filed under this subsection on or before January 15, 2019 shall discuss and attach the Board's determination under subdivision 8005(d)(2)(2017 SPEED goal) of this title. (3) A summary of the activities of the SPEED program under section 8005 of this title, including the name, location, plant capacity, and average annual energy generation, of each SPEED resource within the program. (4) A summary of the activities of the standard offer program under section 8005a of this title, including the number of plants participating in the program, the prices paid by the program, and the plant capacity and average annual energy generation of the participating plants. The report shall present this information as totals for all participating plants and by category of renewable energy technology. The report also shall identify the number of applications received, the number of participating plants under contract, and the number of participating plants actually in service. (5) An assessment of the energy efficiency and renewable energy

markets and recommendations to the General Assembly regarding strategies

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that may be necessary to encourage the use of these resources to help meet upcoming supply requirements.

(6) An assessment of whether Vermont retail electric rates are rising faster than inflation as measured by the CPI, and a comparison of Vermont's electric rates with electric rates in other New England states and in New York. If statewide average rates have risen more than 0.2 percentage points per year faster than inflation over the preceding two or more years, the report shall include an assessment of the contributions to rate increases from various sources, such as the costs of energy and capacity, costs due to construction of transmission and distribution infrastructure, and costs due to compliance with the requirements of sections 8004 and 8005 (RES) and section 8005a (SPEED program; standard offer) of this title. Specific consideration shall be given to the price of renewable energy and the diversity, reliability, availability, dispatch flexibility, and full life cycle cost, including environmental benefits and greenhouse gas reductions, on a net present value basis of renewable energy resources available from suppliers. The report shall include any recommendations for statutory change that arise from this assessment. If electric rates have increased primarily due to cost increases attributable to nonrenewable sources of electricity or to the electric transmission or distribution systems, the report shall include a recommendation regarding

1	whether to increase the size of the annual increase described in subdivision
2	8005a(c)(1)(standard offer; cumulative capacity; pace) of this title.
3	(7)(A) An Commencing with the report to be filed in 2019, an
4	assessment of whether strict compliance with the requirements of sections
5	8004 and 8005 (RES) and section 8005a (SPEED program; standard offer) of
6	this title:
7	(i) has caused one or more providers to raise its retail rates faster
8	over the preceding two or more years than statewide average retail rates have
9	risen over the same time period;
10	(ii) will cause retail rate increases particular to one or more
11	providers; or
12	(iii) will impair the ability of one or more providers to meet the
13	public's need for energy services in the manner set forth under subdivision
14	218c(a)(1) of this title (least-cost integrated planning).
15	(B) Based on this assessment, consideration of whether statutory
16	changes should be made to grant providers additional flexibility in meeting
17	requirements of sections 8004 and 8005 or section 8005a of this title.
18	(8) Any recommendations for statutory change related to sections <u>8004</u> ,
19	8005, and 8005a of this title.

1	(d) During the preparation of reports under this section, the Department
2	shall provide an opportunity for the public to submit relevant information and
3	recommendations.
4	Sec. 7. 30 V.S.A. § 8006 is amended to read:
5	§ 8006. TRADEABLE CREDITS; ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES;
6	RECOGNITION, MONITORING, AND DISCLOSURE
7	(a) The Board shall establish or adopt a system of tradeable renewable
8	energy credits for renewable resources that may be earned by electric
9	generation qualifying for the renewables portfolio standard RES. The system
10	shall be designed to recognize tradeable renewable energy credits monitored
11	and traded on the New England Generation Information System (GIS); shall
12	provide a process for the recognition, approval, and monitoring of
13	environmental attributes attached to renewable energy that are eligible to
14	satisfy the requirements of sections 8004 and 8005 of this title but are not
15	monitored and traded on the GIS; and shall otherwise be consistent with
16	regional practices.
17	(b) The Board shall ensure that all electricity provider and provider-affiliate
18	disclosures and representations made with regard to a provider's portfolio are
19	accurate and reasonably supported by objective data. Further, the Board shall
20	ensure that providers disclose the types of generation used and whether the
21	energy is Vermont based, and shall clearly distinguish between energy or

1	tradeable energy credits provided from renewable and nonrenewable energy
2	sources and existing and new sources renewable energy.
3	Sec. 8. PUBLIC SERVICE BOARD RULEMAKING
4	(a) On or before August 1, 2015, the Public Service Board (the Board) shall
5	commence a rulemaking proceeding to adopt initial rules to implement Secs. 2
6	(sales of electric energy; RES), 3 (RES categories), and 7 (tradeable renewable
7	energy credits) of this act.
8	(b) On or before April 1, 2016, the Board shall submit final proposed rules
9	under this section to the Secretary of State and the Legislative Committee on
10	Administrative Rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 841.
11	(c) On or before July 1, 2016, the Board shall finally adopt initial rules to
12	implement Secs. 2, 3, and 7 of this act to take effect on January 1, 2017. If the
13	Board is unable to finally adopt these rules by July 1, 2016, the Board may
14	issue an order by that date stating the requirements of the initial rules for the
15	RES to take effect on January 1, 2017, if that order is followed by final
16	adoption of those initial rules for this standard prior to January 1, 2017. Initial
17	rules finally adopted under this subsection (c) shall not be subject to the
18	requirement of 3 V.S.A. § 843(c) to finally adopt rules within eight months of
19	the initial filing.
20	(d) The Board and the Department of Public Service may retain experts and
21	other personnel to assist them with the rulemaking under this section and

1	allocate the costs of these personnel to the electric distribution utilities in
2	accordance with the process under 30 V.S.A. § 21.
3	* * * Harvesting and Procurement * * *
4	Sec. 9. 10 V.S.A. § 2751 is added to read:
5	§ 2751. BIOMASS RENEWABILITY STANDARDS; RES
6	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
7	(1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and
8	Recreation.
9	(2) "Distributed renewable generation" shall have the same meaning as
10	in 30 V.S.A. § 8005.
11	(3) "Renewability" means capable of being replaced by natural
12	ecological processes or sound management practices.
13	(4) "RES" shall have the same meaning as in 30 V.S.A. § 8002.
14	(b) Rules. The Commissioner shall adopt rules that set renewability
15	standards for forest products used to generate energy by distributed renewable
16	generation awithin the RES. The Commissioner shall design the standards to
17	ensure long-term forest health and sustainability. These standards may
18	requirements for harvesting and procurement. In developing these rules, the
19	Commissioner shall consider differentiating the standards by type of forest
20	product and scale of forest product consumption.

1	Sec. 10. FOREST, PARKS AND RECREATION RULEMAKING
2	On or before July 1, 2016, the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and
3	Recreation shall adopt initial rules under 10 V.S.A. § 2751.
4	* * * Environmental Attributes, Net Metering Systems * * *
5	Sec. 11. 30 V.S.A. § 219a(h) is amended to read:
6	(h)(1) An electric company:
7	* * *
8	(I) At the option of a net metering customer of the company, may
9	Shall receive ownership of the environmental attributes of electricity generated
10	by the customer's net metering system, including ownership of any associated
11	tradeable renewable energy credits, unless at the time of application for the
12	system the customer elects not to transfer ownership of those attributes to the
13	company. If a customer elects this option, the The company shall retain
14	ownership of and shall retire the attributes and credits received from the
15	customer its net metering customers, which shall apply toward compliance
16	with any statutes enacted or rules adopted by the State requiring the company
17	to own the environmental attributes of renewable energy sections 8004 and
18	8005 of this title.
19	* * *

1	Sec. 12. 30 V.S.A. § 8010(c) is amended to read:
2	(c) In accordance with this section, the Board shall adopt and implement
3	rules that govern the installation and operation of net metering systems.
4	(1) The rules shall establish and maintain a net metering program that:
5	* * *
6	(F) balances, over time, the pace of deployment and cost of the
7	program with the program's impact on rates; and
8	(G) accounts for changes over time in the cost of technology; and
9	(H) allows a customer to retain ownership of the environmental
10	attributes of energy generated by the customer's net metering system and of
11	any associated tradeable renewable energy credits or to transfer those attributes
12	and credits to the interconnecting retail provider, and:
13	(i) if the customer retains the attributes, reduces the value of the
14	credit provided under this section for electricity generated by the customer's
15	net metering system by an appropriate amount; and
16	(ii) if the customer transfers the attributes to the interconnecting
17	provider, requires the provider to retain them for application toward
18	compliance with sections 8004 and 8005 of this title.
19	(2) The rules shall include provisions that govern:
20	* * *

- (E) the formation of group net metering systems, the resolution of disputes between group net metering customers and the interconnecting provider, and the billing, crediting, and disconnection of group net metering customers by the interconnecting provider; and
- (F) the amount of the credit to be assigned to each kWh of electricity generated by a net metering customer in excess of the electricity supplied by the interconnecting provider to the customer, the manner in which the customer's credit will be applied on the customer's bill, and the period during which a net metering customer must use the credit, after which the credit shall revert to the interconnecting provider; and
- energy generated by net metering systems and of any associated tradeable renewable energy credits. When assigning an amount of credit under this subdivision (F), the Board shall consider making multiple lengths of time available over which a customer may take a credit and differentiating the amount according to the length of time chosen. For example, a credit amount may be higher if taken over 10 years and lower if taken over 20 years. Factors relevant to this consideration shall include the customer's ability to finance the net metering system, the cost of that financing, and the net present value to all ratepayers of the net metering program.

21 ***

1	* * * Clean Energy Development Fund * * *
2	Sec. 13. 30 V.S.A. § 8015 is amended to read:
3	§ 8015. VERMONT CLEAN ENERGY DEVELOPMENT FUND
4	* * *
5	(d) Expenditures authorized.
6	* * *
7	(3) A grant in lieu of a solar energy tax credit in accordance with
8	32 V.S.A. § 5930z(f). Of any Fund monies unencumbered by such grants, the
9	first \$2.3 million shall fund the Small-scale Renewable Energy Incentive
10	Program described in subdivision (1)(E)(ii) of this subsection.
11	(4) A sum equal to the cost for the 2010 and preceding tax years of the
12	business solar energy income tax credits authorized in 32 V.S.A. §§ 5822(d)
13	and 5930z(a), net of any such costs for which a transfer has already been made
14	under this subdivision and of the cost of any credits in lieu of which the
15	taxpayer elects to receive a grant, shall be transferred from the Clean Energy
16	Development Fund to the General Fund. Notwithstanding any contrary
17	provision of this section, the Clean Energy Development Fund shall use all of
18	the monies from alternative compliance payments under sections 8004 and
19	8005 of this title for projects that constitute distributed renewable generation
20	under section 8005 of this title. The Fund shall implement projects in the
21	service territory of the retail electricity provider or providers making the

1	alternative compliance payments used to support the projects. A provider shall
2	not count, toward its required amounts under section 8005 of this title, support
3	provided by the Fund for distributed renewable generation.
4	* * *
5	* * * Other Provisions * * *
6	Sec. 14. 10 V.S.A. § 212(6)(M) is amended to read:
7	(M) Sustainably Priced Energy Enterprise Development (SPEED)
8	resources a renewable energy plant, as defined in 30 V.S.A. § 8002, if the
9	construction of the plant requires a certificate of public good under 30 V.S.A.
10	§ 248 and all or part of the electricity generated by the plant will be under
11	contract to a Vermont electric distribution utility;
12	Sec. 14a. 30 V.S.A. § 209(d) is amended to read:
13	(d) Energy efficiency.
14	* * *
15	(3) Energy efficiency charge; regulated fuels. In addition to its existing
16	authority, the Board may establish by order or rule a volumetric charge to
17	customers for the support of energy efficiency programs that meet the
18	requirements of section 218c of this title. The charge shall be known as the
19	energy efficiency charge, shall be shown separately on each customer's bill,
20	and shall be paid to a fund administrator appointed by the Board and deposited
21	into an Electric Efficiency Fund. When such a charge is shown, notice as to

how to obtain information about energy efficiency programs approved under this section shall be provided in a manner directed by the Board. This notice shall include, at a minimum, a toll-free telephone number, and to the extent feasible shall be on the customer's bill and near the energy efficiency charge.

- (A) Balances in the Electric Efficiency Fund shall be ratepayer funds, shall be used to support the activities authorized in this subdivision, and shall be carried forward and remain in the Fund at the end of each fiscal year. These monies shall not be available to meet the general obligations of the State.

 Interest earned shall remain in the Fund. The Board will annually provide the General Assembly with a report detailing the revenues collected and the expenditures made for energy efficiency programs under this section. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.
- (B) The charge established by the Board pursuant to this subdivision (3) shall be in an amount determined by the Board by rule or order that is consistent with the principles of least cost integrated planning as defined in section 218c of this title.
- (i) As circumstances and programs evolve, the amount of the charge shall be reviewed for unrealized energy efficiency potential and shall be adjusted as necessary in order to realize all reasonably available, cost-effective energy efficiency savings. In setting the amount of the charge and its

1	allocation, the Board shall determine an appropriate balance among the
2	following objectives; provided, however, that particular emphasis shall be
3	accorded to the first four of these objectives: reducing the size of future power
4	purchases; reducing the generation of greenhouse gases; limiting the need to
5	upgrade the State's transmission and distribution infrastructure; minimizing the
6	costs of electricity; reducing Vermont's total energy demand, consumption,
7	and expenditures; providing efficiency and conservation as a part of a
8	comprehensive resource supply strategy; providing the opportunity for all
9	Vermonters to participate in efficiency and conservation programs; and
10	targeting efficiency and conservation efforts to locations, markets, or
11	customers where they may provide the greatest value. However, in no event
12	shall an energy efficiency charge imposed prior to February 1, 2018 exceed the
13	following rates:
14	(I) residential customer – \$0.01173 per kilowatt hour (kWh);
15	(II) commercial customer, no demand charge – \$0.0108 per
16	<u>kWh;</u>
17	(III) commercial customer, demand charge – \$0.00648 per
18	kWh plus \$1.0543 per kilowatt (kW);
19	(IV) industrial customer, no demand charge – \$0.00719 per
20	kWh; and

1	(V) industrial customers, demand charge – \$0.00484 per kWh
2	plus \$1.1344 per kW.
3	(ii) The Board, by rule or order, shall establish a process by which
4	a customer who pays an average annual energy efficiency charge under this
5	subdivision (3) of at least \$5,000.00 may apply to the Board to self-administer
6	energy efficiency through the use of an energy savings account which shall
7	contain a percentage of the customer's energy efficiency charge payments as
8	determined by the Board. The remaining portion of the charge shall be used
9	for systemwide energy benefits. The Board in its rules or order shall establish
10	criteria for approval of these applications.
11	Sec. 14b. JOINT ENERGY COMMITTEE; RECOMMENDATION
12	(a) On or before February 15, 2016, the Joint Energy Committee under
13	2 V.S.A. chapter 17 shall submit a recommendation to the House Committee
14	on Commerce and Economic Development, Senate Committee on Finance,
15	House Committee on Ways and Means, and House and Senate Committees on
16	Natural Resources and Energy on whether the General Assembly should make
17	permanent or revise the cap on energy efficiency charge rates adopted under
18	Sec. 14a of this act, 30 V.S.A. § 209(d), or allow that cap to expire in 2018.
19	(b) Prior to submitting its recommendation under this section, the Joint
20	Energy Committee shall offer an opportunity for comment by affected State

1	agencies; utilities; appointed energy efficiency entities; advocates for business,
2	consumer, and environmental interests; and members of the public.
3	(c) For the purpose of this section, the Joint Energy Committee may meet
4	no more than four times during adjournment without prior approval of the
5	Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
6	Sec. 15. 30 V.S.A. § 209(j) is amended to read:
7	(j) Self-managed energy efficiency programs.
8	* * *
9	(4) All of the following shall apply to a class of programs under this
10	subsection:
11	(A) A member of the transmission or industrial electric rate classes
12	shall be eligible to apply to participate in the self-managed energy efficiency
13	program class if the charges to the applicant, or to its predecessor in interest at
14	the served property, under subdivision (d)(3) of this section were a minimum
15	of \$1.5 million during calendar year 2008.
16	* * *
17	Sec. 16. 30 V.S.A. § 218(f) is amended to read:
18	(f) Regulatory incentives for renewable generation.
19	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an electric distribution
20	utility subject to rate regulation under this chapter shall be entitled to recover
21	in rates its prudently incurred costs in applying for and seeking any certificate,

- permit, or other regulatory approval issued or to be issued by federal, State, or local government for the construction of new renewable energy to be sited in Vermont, regardless of whether the certificate, permit, or other regulatory approval ultimately is granted.
 - (2) The Board is authorized to provide to an electric distribution utility subject to rate regulation under this chapter an incentive rate of return on equity or other reasonable incentive on any capital investment made by such utility in a renewable energy generation facility sited in Vermont.
 - (3) To encourage joint efforts on the part of electric distribution utilities to support renewable energy and to secure stable, long-term contracts beneficial to Vermonters, the Board may establish standards for preapproving the recovery of costs incurred on a renewable energy plant that is the subject of that joint effort, if the construction of the plant requires a certificate of public good under section 248 of this title and all or part of the electricity generated by the plant will be under contract to the utilities involved in that joint effort.
 - (4) For the purpose of In this subsection, "plant," "renewable energy," and "new renewable energy" shall be as defined in section 8002 of this title.

 Sec. 17. 30 V.S.A. § 218c(b) is amended to read:
 - (b) Each regulated electric or gas company shall prepare and implement a least cost integrated plan for the provision of energy services to its Vermont customers. At least every third year on a schedule directed by the Public

1 Service Board, each such company shall submit a proposed plan to the 2 Department of Public Service and the Public Service Board. The Board, after 3 notice and opportunity for hearing, may approve a company's least cost 4 integrated plan if it determines that the company's plan complies with the 5 requirements of subdivision (a)(1) of this section and is reasonably consistent 6 with achieving the goals and targets of subsection 8005(d)(2017 SPEED goal; 7 total renewables targets) of sections 8004 and 8005 of this title. 8 Sec. 18. 30 V.S.A. § 219a(m) and (n) are amended to read: 9 (m)(1) A facility for the generation of electricity to be consumed primarily 10 by the Military Department established under 3 V.S.A. § 212 and 20 V.S.A. 11 § 361(a) or the National Guard as defined in 32 U.S.C. § 101(3), and installed 12 on property of the Military Department or National Guard located in Vermont, 13 shall be considered a net metering system for purposes of this section if it 14 has a capacity of 2.2 MW or less and meets the provisions of subdivisions 15 (a)(6)(B)-(D) of this section. 16 (2) If the interconnecting electric company agrees, a solar facility or 17 group of solar facilities for the generation of electricity, to be installed by or on 18 behalf of one or more municipalities on a closed landfill, shall be considered a 19 net metering system for purposes of this section if the facility or group of 20 facilities has a total capacity of 5 MW or less and meets the provisions of 21 subdivisions (a)(6)(B)-(D) of this section. The facilities or group of facilities

1	may serve as a group net metering system that includes and is limited to each
2	participating municipality. In this subdivision (2), "municipality" shall have
3	the same meaning as under 24 V.S.A. § 4551.
4	* * *
5	(n) As a pilot project, an An electric cooperative under chapter 81 of this
6	title may construct engage in a pilot project involving a solar generation
7	facility or group of solar generation facilities to produce power to be consumed
8	by the company or its customers and to be installed on land owned or leased by
9	the company.
10	* * *
11	(3) Under this pilot project, the electric cooperative may seek siting
12	approval for the A facility or group of facilities participating in this pilot
13	project may seek siting approval pursuant to the Board's order issued under
14	subsection 8007(b) of this title, notwithstanding that subsection's limitation to
15	plants with a plant capacity greater than 150 kW and 2.2 MW or less.
16	* * *
17	Sec. 19. 30 V.S.A. § 248(b) is amended to read:
18	(b) Before the Public Service Board issues a certificate of public good as
19	required under subsection (a) of this section, it shall find that the purchase,
20	investment or construction:

1	(9) with respect to a waste to energy facility;:
2	(A) is included in a solid waste management plan adopted pursuant to
3	24 V.S.A. § 2202a, which is consistent with the State Solid Waste
4	Management Plan; and
5	(B) is included in a solid waste management plan adopted pursuant to
6	24 V.S.A. § 2202a for the municipality and solid waste district from which a
7	substantial portion of the waste is to originate, if that municipality or district
8	already beneficially uses a portion of the waste;
9	Sec. 20. 30 V.S.A. § 248(r) is added to read:
10	(r) The Board may provide that in any proceeding under subdivision
11	(a)(2)(A) of this section for the construction of a renewable energy plant, a
12	demonstration of compliance with subdivision (b)(2) of this section, relating to
13	establishing need for the plant, shall not be required if all or part of the
14	electricity to be generated by the plant is under contract to one or more
15	Vermont electric distribution companies and if no part of the plant is financed
16	directly or indirectly through investments, other than power contracts, backed
17	by Vermont electricity ratepayers. In this subsection, "plant" and "renewable
18	energy" shall be as defined in section 8002 of this title.
19	Sec. 21. 30 V.S.A. § 8001(b) is amended to read:

1	(b) The Board shall provide, by order or rule, <u>adopt</u> the regulations <u>rules</u>
2	and procedures that are necessary to allow the Board and the Department to
3	implement and supervise programs pursuant to subchapter 1 of this chapter.
4	* * * Technical Amendments * * *
5	Sec. 22. 30 V.S.A. § 2(g) is amended to read:
6	(g) In all forums affecting policy and decision making for the New England
7	region's electric system, including matters before the Federal Energy
8	Regulatory Commission and the Independent System Operator of New
9	England, the Department of Public Service shall advance positions that are
10	consistent with the statutory policies and goals set forth in 10 V.S.A. §§ 578,
11	580, and 581 and sections 202a, 8001, <u>8004</u> , and 8005 of this title. In those
12	forums, the Department also shall advance positions that avoid or minimize
13	adverse consequences to Vermont and its ratepayers from regional and
14	inter-regional cost allocation for transmission projects. This subsection shall
15	not compel the Department to initiate or participate in litigation and shall not
16	preclude the Department from entering into agreements that represent a
17	reasonable advance to these statutory policies and goals.
18	Sec. 23. 30 V.S.A. § 219a(e)(3)(C) is amended to read:
19	(C) Any accumulated credits shall be used within 12 months, or shall
20	revert to the electric company, without any compensation to the customer.

1	Power reverting to the electric company under this subdivision (3) shall be
2	considered SPEED resources under section 8005 of this title.
3	Sec. 24. REPEAL
4	30 V.S.A. § 219b(a)(5) (net metering systems; SPEED resources) is
5	repealed.
6	Sec. 25. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS; RENEWABLE ENERGY
7	DEFINITIONS
8	(a) In 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 99, Sec. 3, in 30 V.S.A. § 8002(8)
9	(existing renewable energy) and (17) (new renewable energy), each occurrence
10	of "December 31, 2004" is amended to "June 30, 2015." The Office of
11	Legislative Council shall implement these amendments during statutory
12	revision.
13	(b) 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 99, Sec. 3 is amended to read:
14	Sec. 3. 30 V.S.A. § 8002 is amended to read:
15	§ 8002. DEFINITIONS
16	As used in this chapter:
17	* * *
18	(21) "Renewable energy" means energy produced using a technology
19	that relies on a resource that is being consumed at a harvest rate at or below its
20	natural regeneration rate.

1	(A) For purposes of this subdivision (21), methane gas and other
2	flammable gases produced by the decay of sewage treatment plant wastes or
3	landfill wastes and anaerobic digestion of agricultural products, byproducts, or
4	wastes, or of food wastes shall be considered renewable energy resources, but
5	no other form of solid waste, other than agricultural or silvicultural waste, shall
6	be considered renewable.
7	* * *
8	(24) "SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator" means an entity appointed by
9	the Board pursuant to subdivision 8005(b)(1) subsection 8005a(a) of this title.
10	(25) "SPEED resources" means contracts for resources in the SPEED
11	program established under section 8005 of this title that meet the definition of
12	renewable energy under this section, whether or not environmental attributes
13	are attached. [Repealed.]
14	* * *
15	(28) "RES" means the Renewable Energy Standard established under
16	sections 8004 and 8005 of this title.
17	Sec. 26. 30 V.S.A. § 8009 is amended to read:
18	§ 8009. BASELOAD RENEWABLE POWER PORTFOLIO
19	REQUIREMENT
20	* * *

1 (f) With respect to a plant used to satisfy the baseload renewable power 2 portfolio requirement: 3 (1) The SPEED Standard Offer Facilitator shall purchase the baseload 4 renewable power, and shall allocate the electricity purchased and any 5 associated costs shall be allocated by the SPEED Facilitator to the Vermont 6 retail electricity providers based on their pro rata share of total Vermont retail 7 kWh sales for the previous calendar year, and the Vermont retail electricity 8 providers shall accept and pay those costs. 9 10 (i) The State and its instrumentalities shall not be liable to a plant owner or 11 retail electricity provider with respect to any matter related to the baseload 12 renewable power portfolio requirement or a plant used to satisfy such 13 requirement, including costs associated with a contract related to such a plant 14 or any damages arising from the breach of such a contract, the flow of power 15 between a plant and the electric grid, or the interconnection of a plant to that 16 grid. For the purpose of this section, the Board and the SPEED Standard Offer 17 Facilitator constitute instrumentalities of the State. 18 * * * Severability and Effective Dates * * * 19 Sec. 27. SEVERABILITY 20 The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act is

invalid, or if any application of this act to any person or circumstance is

1	invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications which
2	can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
3	Sec. 28. EFFECTIVE DATES
4	(a) This section and Secs. 8 (Public Service Board rulemaking),
5	10 (Forests, Parks and Recreation rulemaking), 14a (energy efficiency charge)
6	14b (joint energy committee; recommendation), 18 (net metering pilot project)
7	and 27 (severability) shall take effect on passage. Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A.
8	§ 214, Sec. 18 shall apply to facilities for which an application for a certificate
9	of public good is pending as of its effective date.
10	(b) Secs. 1 through 7, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15 through 17, and 19 through 26 shall
11	take effect on July 1, 2015. Sec. 11 (net metering systems; environmental
12	attributes) shall not apply to complete applications filed prior to its effective
13	date.
14	(c) Sec. 12 (net metering systems; environmental attributes) shall amend
15	30 V.S.A. § 8010 as added effective January 1, 2017 by 2014 Acts and
16	Resolves No. 99, Sec. 4. Sec. 12 shall take effect on January 2, 2017, except
17	that, notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, the section shall apply to the Public
18	Service Board process under 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 99, Sec. 5.
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